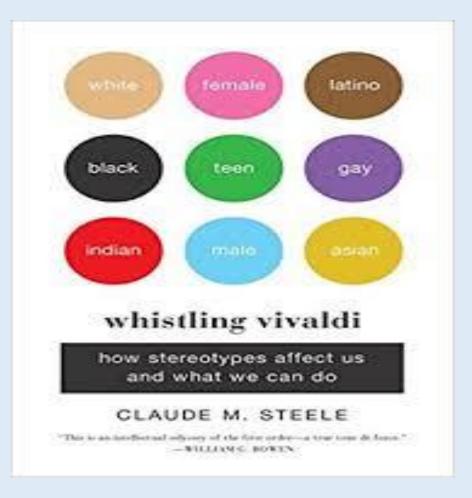




Welcome to a taster of Unconscious Bias: Thinking Fast and Slow at UCD School of Agriculture and Food Science, EDI Teaching and Learning Event, 12.05.21





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What is Unconscious Bias? Why do we need to know about it? What can we do practically in our teaching about it?

Awareness – key concepts Impact - influence Dialogue – critical conversations





Unconscious Bias – what is it?

- Our unintentional people preferences
- Our unconscious mind automatically categories people
- This allows us to make rapid decisions about people based on limited information
- How powerful is your name in securing a job offer?

Equality in workplace + Add to myFT Black and ethnic names have less chance of making shortlist

Bias means that well-qualified candidates struggle to get a foot in the door



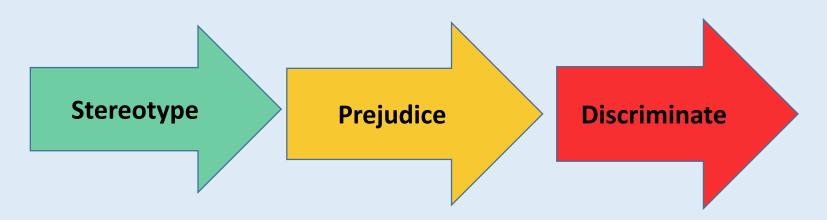
Financial Times, 26.05.16

When Kayo Anosike embarked on a career change, she then sent out her CV to prospective employers — and heard nothing.

She changed her name to Kayla Benjamin. A mere 10 days after sending out her CV, she secured a new job.

It was only when Kayo Anosike chose Kayla Benjamin as her alter ego that she managed to get a foot in the door.

Unconscious Bias causes us to



Rapidly categorise people into *In-groups* and *Out-Groups* based on;

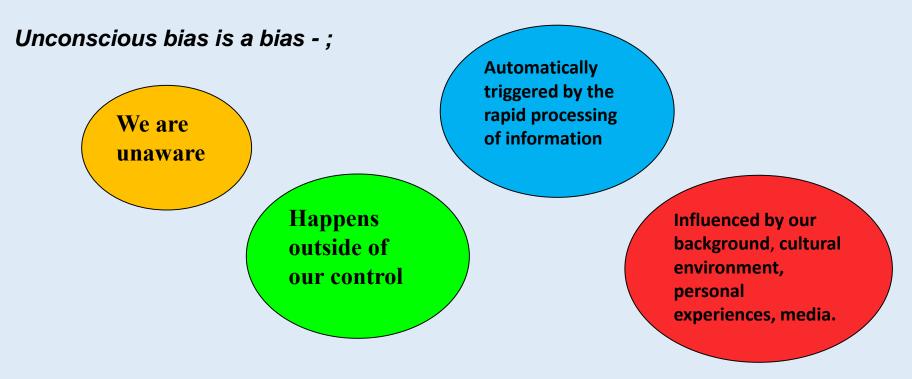
o physical characteristics – age, ethnicity, gender, disability

o similar background – culture, nationality, education, religion, sexuality

- o shared interests research, discipline, hobbies, causes
- o similar lifestyle socio-economic, dress

(Bielby, 2000; Landy, 2008; Rudman, Glick, & Phelan, 2008)

Psychological explanation



(ECU: 2013; Greenwald, Nosek & Banaji, 2003; Greenwald & Banaji, 1995)

Source: ashley.odonoghue@tudublin.ie

Affinity Bias The opposite of unconscious bias

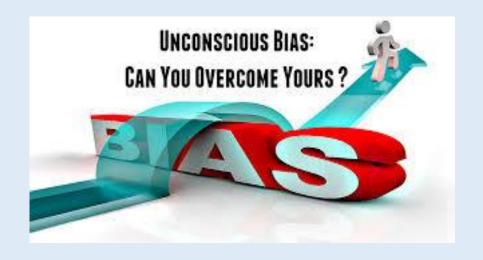
- A feeling of closeness and understanding that someone has for another person because of their similar qualities, ideas, or interests.
- Commonness & Comfort = Trust
- In an organisation affinity bias can influence who you see as competent, who you hire, who you listen to, the way you provide feedback etc.

Unconscious bias is why we don't have a diverse workplace, says Google.



Google points to mobile video uploads -- the team that built the <u>iOS YouTube</u> <u>app</u> didn't consider left-handed users when it added in mobile uploads, causing videos recorded in a lefthanded person's view of landscape to appear upside-down.

Types of Unconscious Bias





- Confirmation Bias
- Comparison Bias
- Source Bias
- Benevolent Bias
- Halo-Horns Bias
- Primacy, Recency and Impact Bias
- Status Quo Bias
- Bias Blind Spot



Commonness leads to **Comfort** which leads to **Trust** and some people being seen as more **Competent**

Impacts of Unconscious Bias on Students

- Listening
- 'Recruiting' Students
- Student Voice (Work allocation)
- Feedback
- Informal coaching, mentoring and sponsorship



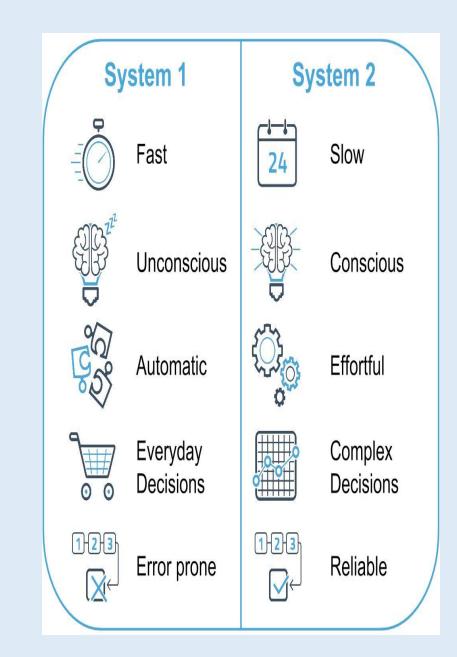


Consider any 'patterns' within the university, your school, your experience with students or working teams/groups that you are part of, when you may have experienced these 'quick assumptions'?



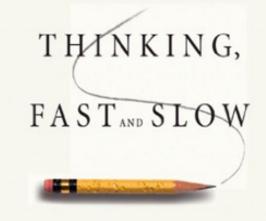
The Dual Processing of the Brain

- **Conscious Brain: System 2**
- ✓ Thinks slow
- ✓ Relies on rules
- ✓ Limited processing power ✓ 42 x17 = ?
- Unconscious Brain: System 1
- ✓ Thinks quickly
- ✓ Massive resources
- ✓ Fight or flight response
- ✓ Rapid processing based on pigeon-holing



Dual Processing

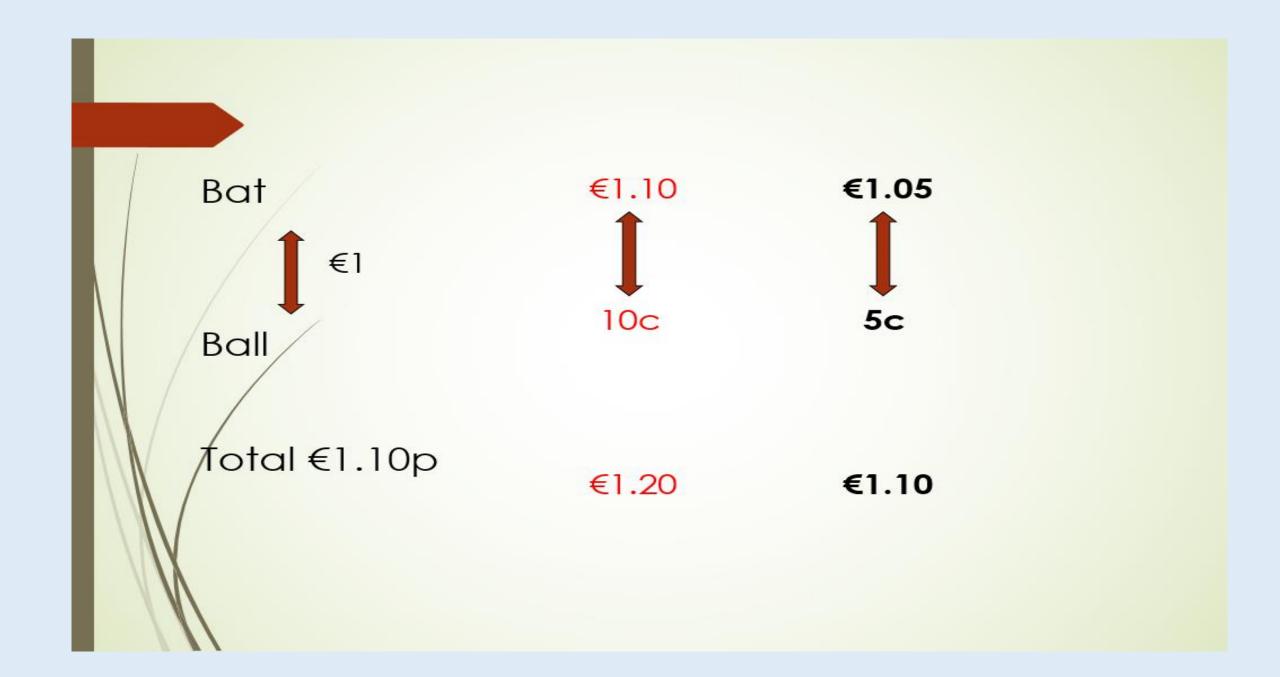




DANIEL KAHNEMAN

WINNER OF THE NOBEL PRIZE IN ECONOMICS

A bat and a ball costs €1.10 The bat costs €1 more than the ball How much does the ball cost?



Micro-behaviours

Unconscious bias operates at a very subtle level, below our awareness.

Unnoticeable micro-behaviours such as paying a little less attention to what the other person says, addressing them less warmly or talking less to them.

We tend to be less empathetic towards people who are not like us.

These behaviours are small and may not be picked up as discriminatory or even consciously by the person on the receiving end.

But their long-term effect can be corrosive in terms of equal access and equal opportunity.





(Rowe, 2008)

Broadening out Unconscious Bias to height, bodyweight, beards, age, physical attractiveness, marital status etc.



6.3cm = €3279 Male 6.3cm = €1260 Female





- €234 Male - €2108 Female





Bearded faces are seen as less competent

Sources: Shire Professional - <u>http://www.shirepro.co.uk/</u>

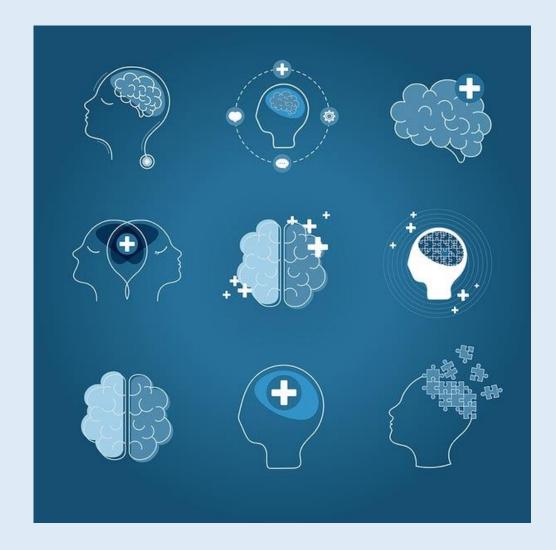
Fortune 500 http://fortune.com/fortune500/

Key facts about unconscious bias

Implicit biases develop and are maintained from our **Experiences (patterns)**, the **Media** we absorb, and the **Culture** we live in and have lived in.

Being biased is part of who we are; we are ALL biased and have a bias blind spot.

Biases are easily triggered under **cognitive** or **emotional load**.



Imagery is powerful...

Chief Medical Officer **Tony** Holohan, the deputy officer Ronan Glynn and NPHET's Professor **Philip Nolan** met with Taoiseach Micheál Martin, Tánaiste Leo Varadkar, Green Party leader Eamon Ryan as well as the D-G of the HSE Paul Reid, Health Minister **Stephen Donnelly**, Finance Minister Paschal Donohoe and Public Expenditure Minister Michael McGrath.





Cognitive, Emotional & Other Triggers

- Complex, often contradictory information
- Heavy workload
- Rushing
- Stress
- Anxiety
- Frustration
- Threat (for resources)
- Lack of glucose
- Tiredness













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